

Year 11 Topics

In year 11 we teach the following topics over the course of the year. Each topic draws on prior learning from previous years and builds on understanding from the KS3 programme of study. Each topic develops and deepens the Core knowledge that will underpin all areas of the curriculum at KS4 and KS5. It is a requirement of the exam board that all students complete their NEA 1 – Food Investigation Assessment (8 hours), and NEA 2 – Food Preparation Assessment (12 hours) during Year 11.

Topic	Rationale	Knowledge acquisition	Key vocabulary	Skills and enrichment
NEA 1 – Food Investigation Assessment	Students will complete their NEA 1 Food Investigation Assessment. This is a requirement of the exam board. This is 15% of their qualification.	Use a range of relevant sources to research the task	Generic task vocabulary: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Research, sources, independent, primary, secondary, analyse, record, findings • Plan of action, time plan • Hypothesis, predict, outcome • Working characteristics, chemical properties, functional, modifications, trial • Review, conclude, improvements, amend, sensory descriptors, adjustments, preference, formulate, justify, reason, failure, proven Specific key words required for the task – released 1 st September	Students will demonstrate their knowledge into practice through a variety of practical situations. Students will learn through explore, investigate, and research tasks Research skills – textbooks & internet. Classification/grouping/sorting/organising skills. Discussion (Oracy development). Communication skills, verbal & non-verbal Development of language skills, literacy and extended writing.
		Use a range of relevant sources to research the task		
		Create a plan of action		
		Predict an outcome		
		Demonstrate their ability to review and make improvements to the investigation by amending the ingredients to include the most appropriate ingredients, process and cooking method		
		Record the outcomes of their investigation, the modification and adjustments made during the preparation and cooking process, and the sensory preference tests carried out to formulate the results		
		Analyse the data and results collected, draw conclusions		

		Justify findings, the reasons for the success or failure of the ingredients selected to trial		
		Evaluate the hypothesis and confirm if the prediction was proven		
		Demonstrate an understanding of the working characteristics and functional and chemical properties of the ingredients selected		
NEA 2 – Food Preparation Assessment	Students will complete their NEA 2 Food Preparation Assessment. This is a requirement of the exam board. This is 35% of their qualification.		•	
Food commodities	Students will learn about a wide range of food commodities and ingredients. They will explore the physical and chemical changes of ingredients during cooking. Carry out experiments on a range of commodities and ingredients and will	<p>The value of commodities</p> <p>The working characteristics of ingredients</p> <p>Origins of food</p> <p>Physical and chemical changes that can occur</p> <p>Complementary actions</p> <p>Prepare and cook</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Commodity, value, diet, contribution, characteristic, storage, food contamination, origins, physical, chemical, change, complementary actions, recipe. • Bread, cereal, rice, pasta, potatoes, flour, oats. • Fruit, vegetables, fresh, frozen, dried, canned, juiced. • Meat, cheese, yogurt. • Meat, fish, poultry, eggs • Soya, tofu, beans, nuts, seeds • Butter, oils, margarine, sugar, syrup 	<p>Students will demonstrate their knowledge into practice through a variety of practical situations.</p> <p>Students will learn through explore, investigate, and research tasks</p> <p>Research skills – textbooks & internet.</p> <p>Classification/grouping/sorting/organising skills.</p> <p>Discussion (Oracy development).</p> <p>Communication skills, verbal & non-verbal</p> <p>Development of language skills, literacy and extended writing.</p>

	take into consideration the complementary actions of ingredients in a recipe.			
Principles of nutrition	Students will learn the principles of nutrition, physiological functions of macro and micro nutrients (including trace elements iodine and fluoride). They will learn the function, sources and complimentary actions of key nutrients. Students will also learn DRV, and the effects of malnutrition.	Definition of macro and micronutrients	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Protein, essential amino acids, non-essential amino acids, complementary proteins • Fats, oils, lipids, saturated, monosaturated, polyunsaturated, essential fatty acids • Carbohydrates, monosaccharides, disaccharides, polysaccharides • Fat soluble vitamins, vitamin A, vitamin D, water soluble vitamins, B vitamins, B1 thiamin, B2 riboflavin, B3 niacin, B12 cobalamin, B9 folic acid (folate) and vitamin C • Minerals, calcium, iron, potassium, magnesium • Trace elements, iodine, fluoride 	<p>Students will demonstrate their knowledge into practice through a variety of practical situations.</p> <p>Students will learn through explore, investigate, and research tasks</p> <p>Research skills – textbooks & internet.</p> <p>Classification/grouping/sorting/organising skills.</p> <p>Discussion (Oracy development).</p> <p>Communication skills, verbal & non-verbal</p> <p>Development of language skills, literacy and extended writing.</p>
		Main sources and specific function		
		Dietary reference values		
		Consequences of malnutrition – (over and under)		
		Complementary actions of nutrients		
Diet and good health	Students will learn energy requirements of humans. BMR. They will plan balanced diets focusing on individual requirements including nutritional	Recommended guidelines for a healthy diet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RDI, energy value, requirements, percentage energy, values, protein, fat, carbohydrate, deficiencies, macronutrients, micronutrients, dietary fibre, • Life stages, toddlers, teenagers, early/middle/late adulthood • Specific dietary needs, nutritional deficiencies, coeliac disease, type 2 diabetes, 	<p>Students will demonstrate their knowledge into practice through a variety of practical situations.</p> <p>Students will learn through explore, investigate, and research tasks</p> <p>Research skills – textbooks & internet.</p> <p>Classification/grouping/sorting/organising skills.</p>
		How nutrients work in the body		
		Changes in nutritional needs throughout life stages and state of health		
		Individual specific lifestyle needs		

	<p>deficiencies and specific dietary needs. They will also learn nutritional requirements throughout life, current nutritional guidelines and how to calculate energy and nutritional values.</p>	<p>Plan a balanced diet for a variety of nutritional needs</p> <hr/> <p>Calculate and use nutritional data</p> <hr/> <p>Energy balance</p>	<p>dental caries, iron deficiency, anaemia, obesity, cardio vascular disease (CVD), calcium deficiency, bone health, osteoporosis, nut/lactose/dairy intolerance, coronary heart disease (CHD), cholesterol, liver disease</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lifestyle, choice, vegetarians, lacto, lacto-ovo, vegan, religious beliefs – Hindu, Muslim, Jewish, occupation, activity level • Complementary actions, basic metabolic rate (BMI), physical activity level (PAL) • Recipe, meal, nutritional information, data, content, modify, reduce, increase 	<p>Discussion (Oracy development).</p> <p>Communication skills, verbal & non-verbal</p> <p>Development of language skills, literacy and extended writing.</p>
<p>The science of food</p>	<p>Students will learn the effects of cooking on food, sensory and nutritional properties and the working characteristics of food. They will also explore the effects of food spoilage, food storage and preparation, hygiene, wastage and environmental issues. In addition to this they will carry out experimental work developing and modifying recipes showing justification and reasoning of why results may not be</p>	<p>Why food is cooked</p> <hr/> <p>How heat is transferred to food</p> <hr/> <p>Cooking methods</p> <hr/> <p>The use and control of micro-organisms</p> <hr/> <p>Working characteristics of food, reasons and how to remedy problems</p> <hr/> <p>Safe food storage</p> <hr/> <p>Conditions for bacterial growth</p> <hr/> <p>Food poisoning</p> <hr/> <p>Food wastage</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Properties, sensory, nutritional, digestion, taste, texture, appearance, conserve, modify, nutritive value, palatability, functional, chemical • Heat transfer, conduction, convection, radiation, boiling, simmering, steaming, coagulation, denature, fermentation, gelatinisation, dextrination, shortening, aeration, plasticity, emulsification, foam formation, gluten. Enzymic browning, oxidation • Inadequate, unacceptable • Micro-organisms, bacteria, refrigeration, freezing, dry/cold storage, packaging, date marks, labelling, growth conditions, preservation, mould, yeast, food spoilage, temperature, PH, moisture, time, cross-contamination, pickling, jam making, bottling, vacuum packing, hygiene, 	<p>Students will demonstrate their knowledge into practice through a variety of practical situations.</p> <p>Students will learn through explore, investigate, and research tasks</p> <p>Research skills – textbooks & internet.</p> <p>Classification/grouping/sorting/organising skills.</p> <p>Discussion (Oracy development).</p> <p>Communication skills, verbal & non-verbal</p> <p>Development of language skills, literacy and extended writing.</p>

	achieved and suggest and demonstrate how to remedy practical cooking situations.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Signs, symptoms, food poisoning, salmonella, campylobacter, e-coli, staphylococcus • Wastage, environment, financial implications 	
Where food comes from safety when buying, storing, preparing and cooking food.	Students learn the development of culinary traditions in British and International cuisine (distinctive features, regional, historical, traditional/modern meal structure). Students will also learn about food manufacturing and processing (primary and secondary), production (positive and negative effects), technological developments, food modification and additives in food.	Food origins	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Food origins, grown, reared, caught, food miles, carbon footprint, local, environment, value, waste, global markets, communities, food poverty, food security, country, region • Packaging • Culinary traditions, British, international, modern cooking methods, cooking methods, equipment, presentation, serving, commodities • Characteristics, eating patterns, nutritional guidelines, fortification, modified, flavour intensifiers, stabilisers, preservatives, colourings, emulsifiers, additives • Primary processing, secondary processing, technological development, transporting, cleaning, sorting, raw, sensory properties, nutritional properties 	<p>Students will demonstrate their knowledge into practice through a variety of practical situations.</p> <p>Students will learn through explore, investigate, and research tasks</p> <p>Research skills – textbooks & internet.</p> <p>Classification/grouping/sorting/organising skills.</p> <p>Discussion (Oracy development).</p> <p>Communication skills, verbal & non-verbal</p> <p>Development of language skills, literacy and extended writing.</p>
		The impact on the environment		
		Sustainability		
		Development of different cuisines		
		Stages of food processing		
Menus and meal structures				
Cooking and food preparation	Students will further develop their knowledge and understanding in factors affecting food choice. Students will apply advanced food	Sensory analysis and how to access the quality of food using sensory descriptors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sensory perceptions, choices, taste receptors, sensory qualities, taste panels, judge, manipulate, test for readiness • Factors, influence, enjoyment, preference, testing, food choice, seasonality, cost, availability, activity, celebration, occasion, 	<p>Students will demonstrate their knowledge into practice through a variety of practical situations.</p> <p>Students will learn through explore, investigate, and research tasks</p> <p>Research skills – textbooks & internet.</p>
		A range of factors that affect the food choices we make		
		Planning recipes for a variety of users and different nutritional needs		

	preparation cooking techniques such as advanced knife skills, filleting, deboning, and accuracy/consistency. Students will apply factors that influence individual's food choice.	Preparation and cooking of ingredients to make a selection of recipes	<p>culture, ethical belief, religion, medical, personal choice</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Informed choice, balanced diet, variety, portion size, nutritional information, food labelling, marketing, influences, consumer • Planning, cooking, dish, recipe, dovetailed, preparation, ingredient, selection • Weigh, measure, knife skills, bridge and claw grip, solid, liquid, combine, shape, tenderise, marinate, setting, shape, finishing, dough, glaze, garnish, time management • Influence, lifestyle, consumer choice, adapting, developing, review, evaluate, improvements, amending, 	<p>Classification/grouping/sorting/organising skills.</p> <p>Discussion (Oracy development).</p> <p>Communication skills, verbal & non-verbal</p> <p>Development of language skills, literacy and extended writing.</p>
		Presentation and finishing techniques		
		The application of food hygiene and safety		
		To follow a recipe independently and make own judgements when considering timings, flavour, texture and appearance		
		Recipe development		